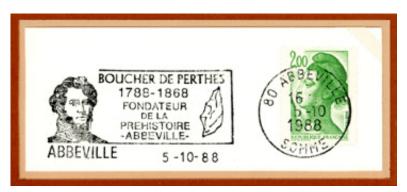
Early Discovery

The earliest discovery of Neandertal remains was in 1830 in Engis, Belgium, but not recognized until 1936.



Engis, Belgium Rail cancel



Machine cancel with commemorative slogan



Abbeville to Paris, France, 8 October 1847

Jacques Boucher de Perthes discovered ice age stone tools in 1847 near Abbeville, France.

Discovery of these tools provided even more evidence for the existence of a prehistoric man.

In 1848, Forbes Quarry, Gibraltar, produced a Neandertal skull which remained unrecognized until 1907, long after description of the German specimen in 1857.



Full booklet pane with color controls in left margin